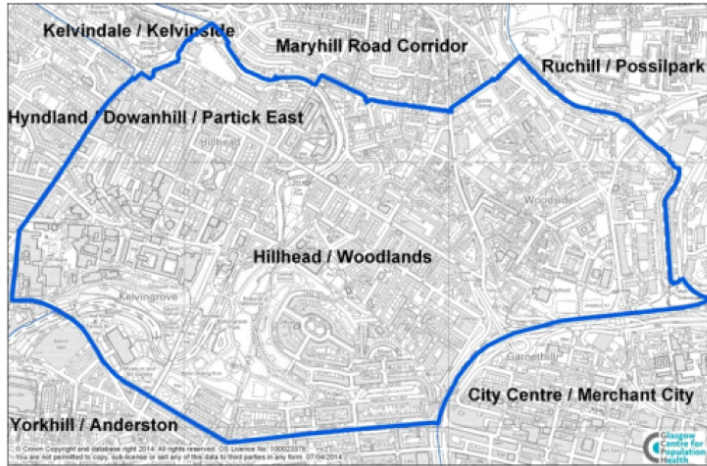


Hillhead and Woodlands

Hillhead and Woodlands is a neighbourhood in the north west of Glasgow with a population of 21,516.



Neighbourhood comparisons with Glasgow

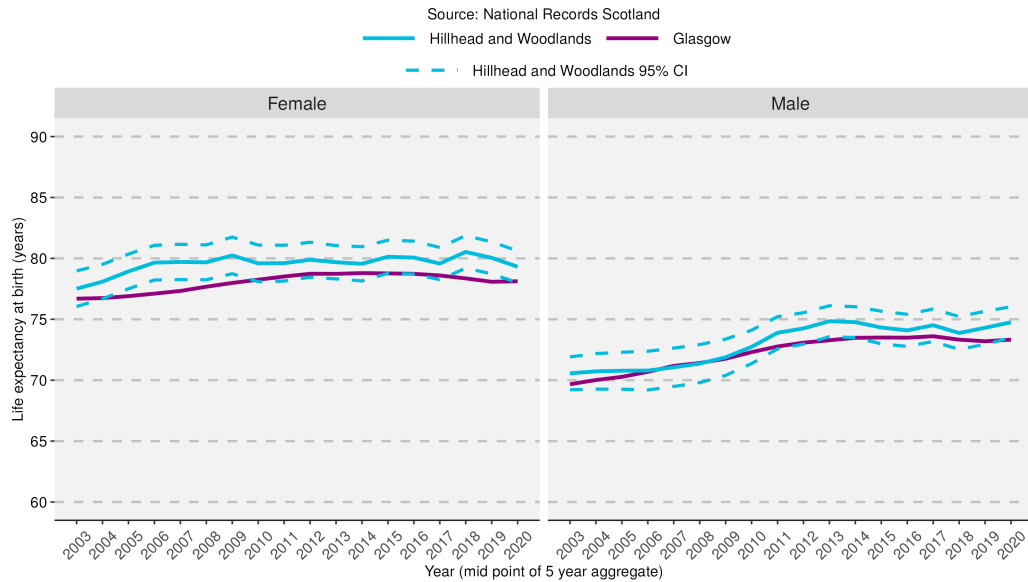
Women in Hillhead and Woodlands live, on average, four and a half years longer than men. The neighbourhood has a particularly large working-age population (aged 16-64). The percentages of income and employment deprivation are particularly low in this area compared with the Glasgow average. More than a quarter of the population are from a minority ethnic background.

Group	Indicator	Count	Rate	Difference from Glasgow	Difference from Glasgow (% , years)
Population	People aged 0 - 15	2,046	9.5%	-38.5%	
	People aged 16 - 64	17,618	81.9%	+16.2%	
	People aged 65 - 74	1,120	5.2%	-36.0%	
	People aged 75 and over	732	3.4%	-42.6%	
	People from minority ethnic backgrounds	5,761	26.5%	+37.7%	
Households	Lone-parent households	1,034	5.1%	-50.5%	
	Householders living alone	4,051	19.8%	-7.9%	
	Single-pensioner households	882	8.8%	-26.1%	
	Owner-occupied households	3,655	36.5%	-22.0%	
	Socially-rented households	2,479	24.7%	-29.0%	
	Overcrowded households	413	4.1%	-12.5%	
Environment	People who travel to work by walking, bike, public transport	3,216	35.9%	+35.1%	
	Households with one or more cars	4,999	49.9%	-10.5%	
Socio-economic	People with grade D or E social classification	2,878	13.3%	-39.4%	
	People in employment	10,919	50.3%	+6.0%	
Education	Adults with qualifications at Higher level and above	11,898	54.8%	+37.2%	
Poverty	Income deprivation (SIMD)	2,559	11.8%	-39.5%	
	Employment deprivation (SIMD)	1,302	7.3%	-45.8%	
	Children living in poverty	532	26.0%	-2.7%	
Health	People in "good" or "very good" health	18,189	83.8%	+10.3%	
	People limited "a lot" or "a little" by disability	4,153	19.1%	-26.5%	
	Male life expectancy at birth		74.8	+1.4	
	Female life expectancy at birth		79.3	+1.2	

Note: Different indicators use different population bases to calculate rates, depending on the underlying data source. See definitions and data sources for more information.

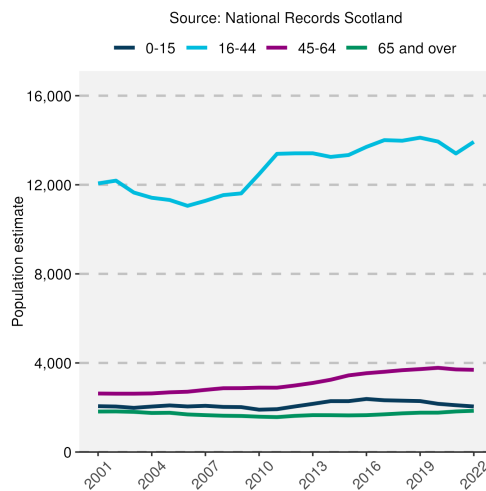
Neighbourhood/Area trends

Life expectancy at birth

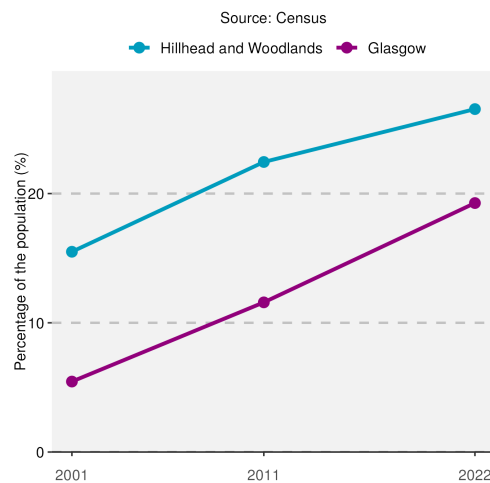


Life expectancy for males has risen in recent years in Hillhead and Woodlands and is above the Glasgow average. In the most recent period shown (2018-2022), life expectancy in this area is lower than the Scottish average.

Population by age group



Percentage of total population from a minority ethnic group



The overall population of Hillhead and Woodlands increased between 2001 and 2022. This is largely due to fluctuations in working aged people. The percentage of the total neighbourhood population from a minority ethnic background increased from 15.5% in 2001 to 26.5% in 2022 and was above the Glasgow average.

Notes

1. Data sources: Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation (SIMD) 2020, Census 2022, 2011, and 2001, National Records of Scotland (NRS).
2. Populations presented in the population trend chart and used to calculate life expectancy estimates are taken from NRS small area population estimates and are based on: the 2001 and 2011 Census for years 2001-2010; and the 2011 and 2022 Census for years 2011-2022.
3. This publication has used small area population estimate data published by the NRS on 21 November 2021. The NRS update their small area population estimates and previous estimates on an annual basis therefore this data is only representative of the data published upon this date. For further information see: <https://www.nrscotland.gov.uk/publications/small-area-population-estimates-mid-2022/>
4. The Income deprivation and Employment deprivation indicators are derived from SIMD 2020, more information on this deprivation index can be found at: <https://www.gov.scot/collections/scottish-index-of-multiple-deprivation-2020/>.
5. Life expectancies are calculated based on population estimates and death registrations. 95% confidence intervals have been added on the graphs to the neighbourhood data to give an indication of their accuracy. The 95% confidence interval for the Glasgow and/or Scotland comparison line has been removed due to the size of the population. This resulted in the confidence interval sitting on the data line making it unreadable. The x-axes of the life expectancy graphs give the mid-year for each life expectancy estimate e.g. 2020 represents the life expectancy estimate for the period 2018-2022.
6. A notes and definitions document providing further information on the variables presented in the profile can be found in the Profiles section of the Understanding Glasgow website: <https://www.understandingglasgow.com/profiles/neighbourhood-profiles>.