

Understanding Glasgow Neighbourhood Profiles: Notes and Definitions

Notes on geography

Glasgow neighbourhood data was derived by mapping data at a data zone level to Glasgow neighbourhoods. The lookup file used for this was based on a mapping provided by Glasgow City Council. Glasgow sector data was derived by mapping data at a data zone level to the three Community Health Partnership (CHP) sub-areas in Glasgow.

Spine definitions

ID	Numerator	Denominator	Description	Time Period	Source
P01	People aged 0-15	Total population (mid-year estimates)	Number and percentage of total population aged between 0 and 15 years.	2001-2022	NRS
P02	People aged 16-64	Total population (mid-year estimates)	Number and percentage of total population aged between 16 and 64 years.	2001-2022	NRS
P03	People aged 65-74	Total population (mid-year estimates)	Number and percentage of total population aged between 65 and 74 years.	2001-2022	NRS
P04	People aged 75 and over	Total population (mid-year estimates)	Number and percentage of total population aged 75 years and over.	2001-2022	NRS
C1	People from an ethnic minority group	Total population	Number and percentage of total population categorised as being from a minority ethnic group. Ethnic group classifies people according to their own perceived ethnic group and cultural background. The classification of ethnic minority includes any response within the following groups: Asian/Asian Scottish/Asian British; Black/African/Caribbean/Black British; Other ethnic group; and mixed/multiple ethnic groups. <i>Note on terminology used: the terms 'minority ethnic groups' are used in this profile to maintain consistency with the terminology used in the Census 2022. However, it should be noted that alternative terms are generally preferred by these groups to describe their identity. Terms such as Black and People of Colour (BPoC)/ communities of colour, racially minoritised communities and global majority communities are more commonly used in the current context/public zeitgeist. Internally, GCPH uses the term racially minoritised communities, which emphasises the structural and systemic nature of racial hierarchy, and alludes to race as a social construct rather than a biological fact.</i>	2022	Census
C3	Single-parent households	One-family households	Number and percentage of one family households which have a lone parent.	2022	Census
C4	Householders living alone	All households	Number and percentage of households made up of only one person.	2022	Census
C6	Single-pensioner households	All households	Number and percentage of households made up of a single pensioner.	2022	Census
E1	People who travel to work or study by walking, bike or public transport	All people aged 16 and over in employment the week before the Census (including full-time students if they gave a work address as the address they primarily travel to for work or study)	Number and percentage of total population who travel to work by either a method of public transport, by bicycle or on foot.	2022	Census
E3	Households with one or more cars	All households	Number and percentage of total households who own one or more cars or vans.	2022	Census
E4	Overcrowded households	All households	Number and percentage of total households with an occupancy rating of less than or equal to -1. An occupancy rating of -1 implies that a household has one fewer room than required, whereas +1 implies that they have one more room than the standard requirement.	2022	Census
S1	Owner-occupied households (Includes "Owned outright", "Owns with a mortgage or loan or shared ownership")	All households	Number and percentage of households which are owned by the householder. Owning can refer to the house being owned outright, owned with a mortgage or loan or owned as part of a shared ownership scheme by the householder.	2022	Census

S2	People with grade D or E social classification (Semi-skilled and unskilled manual occupations; unemployed and lowest grade occupations)	Household reference person. Not applicable includes individuals in households where the household representative person is aged under 16 or over 64 and those living in communal establishments.	Number and percentage of household reference persons with a social grade of D or E (Semi-skilled and unskilled manual occupations; unemployed and lowest grade occupations). Social grade is the socio-economic classification used by the Market Research and Marketing Industries, most often in the analysis of spending habits and consumer attitudes.	2022	Census
S3	People in employment (employee and self-employed)	All people aged 16 and over	Number and percentage of population aged between 16 and over who are in employment.	2022	Census
ED1	Adults with qualifications at Higher level and above	All people aged 16 and over	Number and percentage of people aged 16 and over that have qualifications at level 2 and above. Level 2 includes Higher, Advanced higher and A level qualifications, among others.	2022	Census
PO1	Income deprivation	Total population (mid-year estimates)	Number and percentage of the total population classified as income deprived within SIMD 2020 income domain. For information on how the SIMD 2020 is calculated please see the SIMD website .	2020	SIMD and NRS
PO2	Employment deprivation	Population aged 16-64 (mid-year estimates)	Number and percentage of the working-age population (16-64) classified as employment deprived within SIMD 2020 employment domain. For information on how the SIMD 2020 is calculated please see the SIMD website .	2020	SIMD and NRS
PO3	Children in poverty	People aged 0-15 or aged 16-19 who are in full-time non-advanced education or in unwaged government training (mid-year estimates)	Number and percentage of dependent children under the age of 20 in families in receipt of Child Tax Credits (<60% median income) or Income Support/Jobseeker's Allowance.	2022	HMRC
H1	People in "good" or "very good" health	Total population	Number and percentage of total population that reported their health to be either "good" or "very good". In the Census people were asked to assess whether their health was very good, good, fair, bad or very bad. This assessment is not based on a person's health based over any specified period of time.	2022	Census
H2	People limited "a lot" or "a little" by disability	Total population	Number and percentage of total population whose day-to-day activities are limited "a little" or "a lot" by a long-term health problem or disability, which has lasted, or is expected to last, at least 12 months. This includes problems that are related to old age.	2022	Census
H3	Male life expectancy		Male life expectancy in years calculated using Chiang (II) methodology as devised at ONS 2003. The population and mortality data required for the calculation came from National Records of Scotland (NRS). Mortality data are based on year of registration. Deaths for non-residents are excluded. 95% confidence intervals are shown on the trend graphs to indicate the level of confidence in the life expectancy estimate. The x-axes of the life expectancy graphs give the mid-year for each life expectancy estimate e.g. 2010 represents the life expectancy estimate for the period 2008 - 2012.	2001-05 – 2019-23	NRS
H4	Female life expectancy		Female life expectancy in years calculated using Chiang (II) methodology as devised at ONS 2003. (Other notes as above for males)	2001-05 – 2019-23	NRS