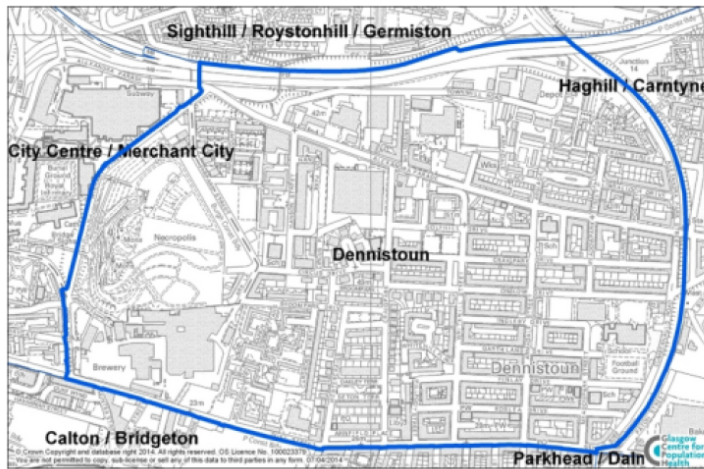


# Dennistoun

Dennistoun is a neighbourhood in the north east of Glasgow with a population of 9,660.



## Neighbourhood comparisons with Glasgow

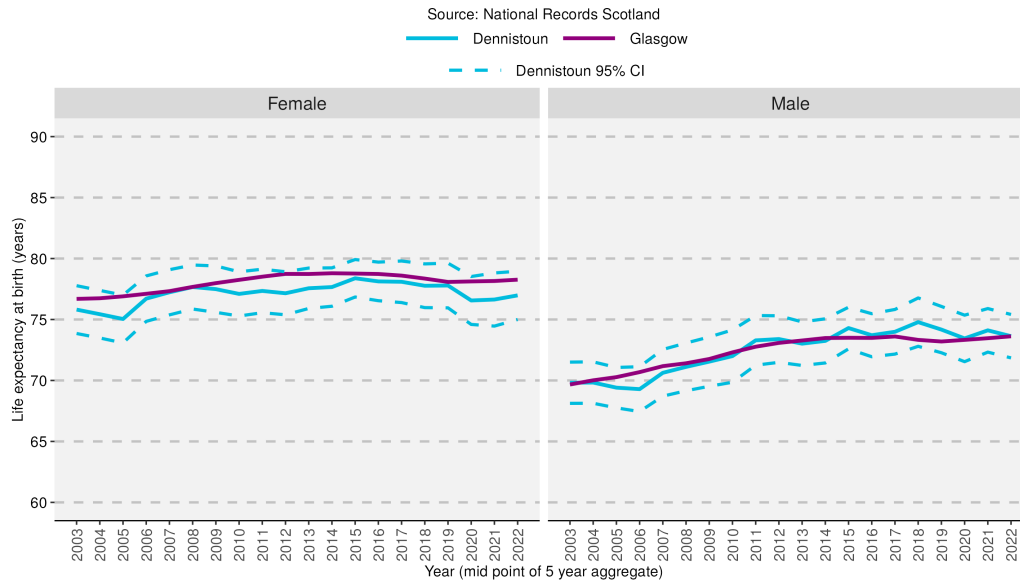
Women in Dennistoun live, on average, three and a half years longer than men. In Dennistoun 82% of the total population are of working age (16-64 years), while the percentages of children and older people are much lower than the Glasgow average. The percentages of people living in income or employment deprivation are low compared to the Glasgow average. In this area 71% of people aged 16 and over are in employment - one of the highest in Glasgow.

Group	Indicator	Count	Rate	Difference from Glasgow	Difference from Glasgow (% , years)
<b>Population</b>	People aged 0 - 15	834	8.6%	-43.2%	
	People aged 16 - 64	7,896	81.7%	+15.4%	
	People aged 65 - 74	497	5.1%	-37.4%	
	People aged 75 and over	433	4.5%	-22.3%	
	People from minority ethnic backgrounds	1,192	12.7%	-34.0%	
<b>Households</b>	Lone-parent households	125	2.4%	-63.8%	
	Householders living alone	2,166	42.3%	-3.3%	
	Single-pensioner households	427	8.3%	-30.0%	
	Owner-occupied households	2,429	47.4%	+1.5%	
	Socially-rented households	819	16.0%	-54.1%	
	Overcrowded households	163	3.2%	-32.4%	
<b>Environment</b>	People who travel to work by walking, bike, public transport	2,015	35.7%	+34.4%	
	Households with one or more cars	2,777	54.2%	-2.8%	
<b>Socio-economic</b>	People with grade D or E social classification	741	16.6%	-42.5%	
	People in employment	6,109	71.1%	+26.6%	
<b>Education</b>	Adults with qualifications at Higher level and above	6,516	75.8%	+30.5%	
<b>Poverty</b>	Income deprivation (SIMD)	1,302	13.5%	-31.1%	
	Employment deprivation (SIMD)	627	8.0%	-40.9%	
	Children living in poverty	190	24.5%	-8.3%	
<b>Health</b>	People in "good" or "very good" health	7,633	81.5%	+7.2%	
	People limited "a lot" or "a little" by disability	1,857	19.8%	-23.9%	
	Male life expectancy at birth		73.6	+0.0	
	Female life expectancy at birth		77.0	-1.3	

Note: Different indicators use different population bases to calculate rates, depending on the underlying data source. See definitions and data sources for more information.

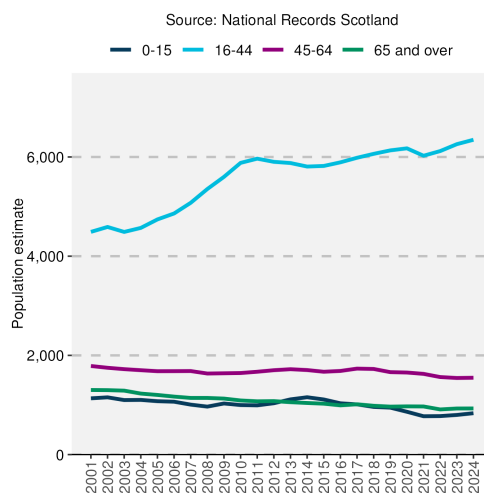
# Neighbourhood/Area trends

## Life expectancy at birth

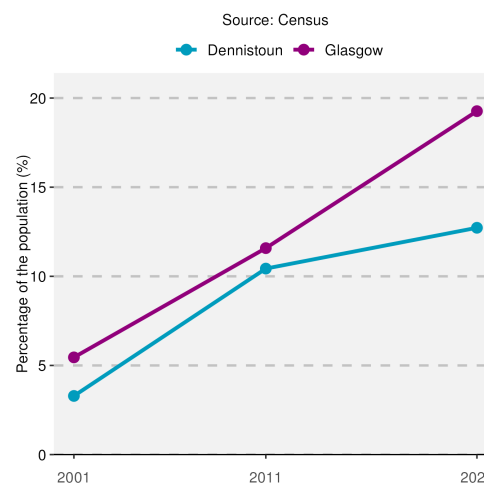


Life expectancy for males has fallen in recent years in Dennistoun. In the most recent period shown (2020-2024), life expectancy in this area is lower than the Scottish average.

## Population by age group



## Percentage of total population from minority ethnic backgrounds



The overall population of Dennistoun increased between 2001 and 2024. Throughout all age groups there were fluctuations but most notably an increase in those aged 16-44. The percentage of the total neighbourhood population from a minority ethnic background increased from 3.3% in 2001 to 12.7% in 2022 but remained below the Glasgow average.

## Notes

1. Data sources: Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation (SIMD) 2020, Census 2022, 2011, and 2001, National Records of Scotland (NRS).
2. Populations presented in the population trend chart and used to calculate life expectancy estimates are taken from NRS small area population estimates and are based on: the 2001 and 2011 Census for years 2001-2010; and the 2011 and 2022 Census for years 2011-2024.
3. This publication has used small area population estimate data published by the NRS on 24 February 2026. The NRS update their small area population estimates and previous estimates on an annual basis therefore this data is only representative of the data published upon this date. For further information see: <https://www.nrscotland.gov.uk/publications/small-area-population-estimates-mid-2023-and-mid-2024-2011-data-zones/>
4. The Income deprivation and Employment deprivation indicators are derived from SIMD 2020, more information on this deprivation index can be found at: <https://www.gov.scot/collections/scottish-index-of-multiple-deprivation-2020/>.
5. Life expectancies are calculated based on population estimates and death registrations. 95% confidence intervals have been added on the graphs to the neighbourhood data to give an indication of their accuracy. The 95% confidence interval for the Glasgow and/or Scotland comparison line has been removed due to the size of the population. This resulted in the confidence interval sitting on the data line making it unreadable. The x-axes of the life expectancy graphs give the mid-year for each life expectancy estimate e.g. 2020 represents the life expectancy estimate for the period 2018-2022.
6. A notes and definitions document providing further information on the variables presented in the profile can be found in the Profiles section of the Understanding Glasgow website: <https://www.understandingglasgow.com/profiles/neighbourhood-profiles>.