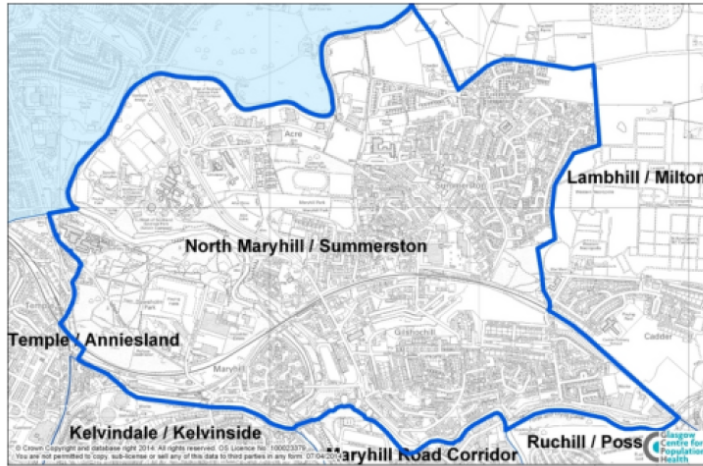


North Maryhill and Summerston

North Maryhill and Summerston is a neighbourhood in the north west of Glasgow with a population of 12,932.



Neighbourhood comparisons with Glasgow

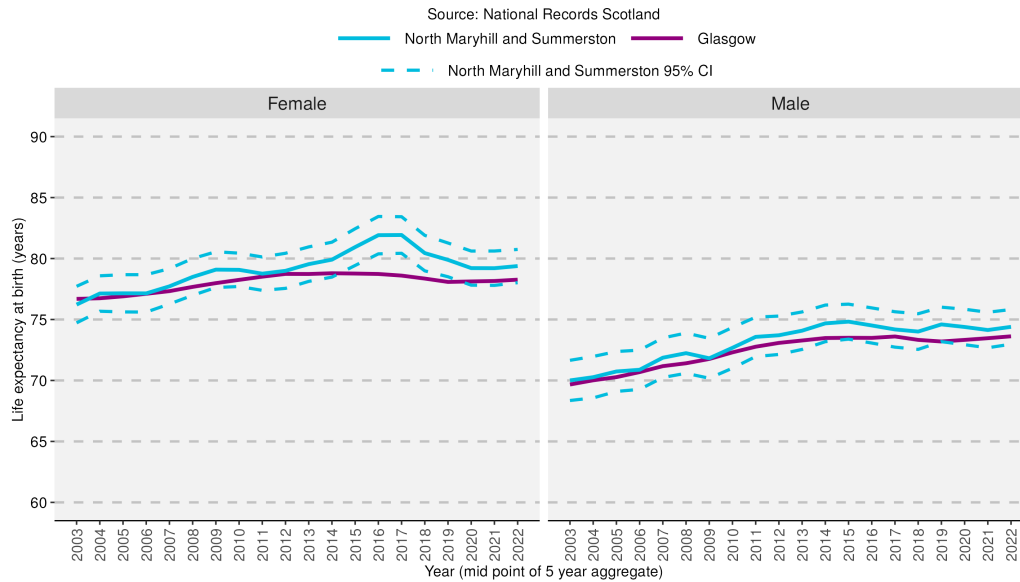
Women in North Maryhill and Summerston live, on average, five years longer than men. The percentage of the population living in income and employment deprivation is very similar to the Glasgow average. In this area 69% of people are of working-age, this is just slightly below the Glasgow average.

Group	Indicator	Count	Rate	Difference from Glasgow	Difference from Glasgow (% , years)
Population	People aged 0 - 15	2,117	16.4%	+7.7%	
	People aged 16 - 64	8,874	68.6%	-3.1%	
	People aged 65 - 74	1,188	9.2%	+11.7%	
	People aged 75 and over	753	5.8%	+0.9%	
	People from minority ethnic backgrounds	2,162	17.0%	-11.7%	
Households	Lone-parent households	450	7.5%	+10.7%	
	Householders living alone	2,597	43.1%	-1.4%	
	Single-pensioner households	751	12.5%	+4.7%	
	Owner-occupied households	3,205	53.2%	+13.8%	
	Socially-rented households	2,081	34.5%	-0.9%	
	Overcrowded households	308	5.1%	+8.6%	
Environment	People who travel to work by walking, bike, public transport	1,305	22.9%	-13.7%	
	Households with one or more cars	3,529	58.6%	+5.1%	
Socio-economic	People with grade D or E social classification	1,483	31.8%	+10.4%	
	People in employment	6,009	56.8%	+1.2%	
Education	Adults with qualifications at Higher level and above	5,401	51.0%	-12.2%	
Poverty	Income deprivation (SIMD)	2,487	19.8%	+1.4%	
	Employment deprivation (SIMD)	1,284	15.0%	+10.4%	
	Children living in poverty	531	25.1%	-6.1%	
Health	People in "good" or "very good" health	9,533	75.0%	-1.2%	
	People limited "a lot" or "a little" by disability	3,247	25.6%	-1.8%	
	Male life expectancy at birth		74.4	+0.8	
	Female life expectancy at birth		79.4	+1.1	

Note: Different indicators use different population bases to calculate rates, depending on the underlying data source. See definitions and data sources for more information.

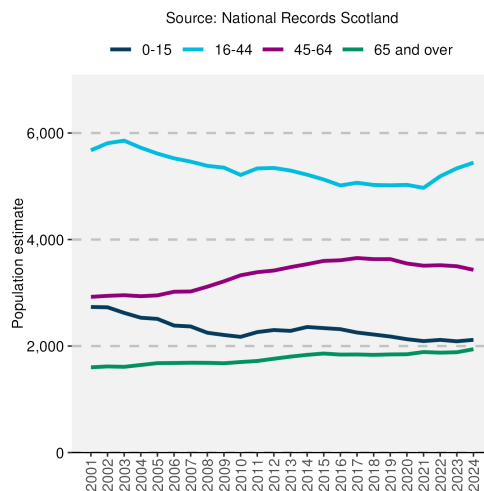
Neighbourhood/Area trends

Life expectancy at birth

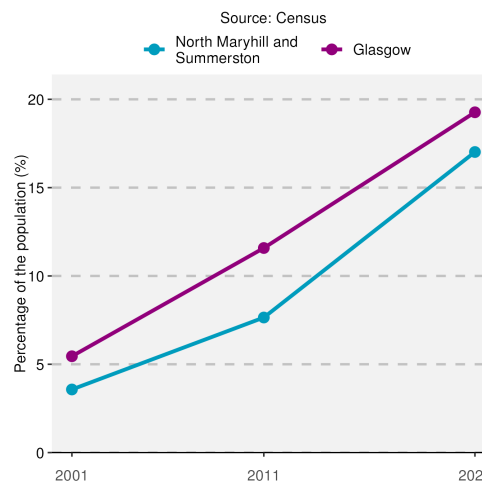


Life expectancy for females has fallen in recent years in North Maryhill and Summerston but is above the Glasgow average. In the most recent period shown (2020-2024), life expectancy in this area is lower than the Scottish average.

Population by age group



Percentage of total population from minority ethnic backgrounds



The overall population of North Maryhill and Summerston stayed roughly the same between 2001 and 2024. The population aged under 45 has decreased, while those aged 45 and over have increased. The percentage of the total neighbourhood population from a minority ethnic background increased from 3.6% in 2001 to 17% in 2022 but remained below the Glasgow average.

Notes

1. Data sources: Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation (SIMD) 2020, Census 2022, 2011, and 2001, National Records of Scotland (NRS).
2. Populations presented in the population trend chart and used to calculate life expectancy estimates are taken from NRS small area population estimates and are based on: the 2001 and 2011 Census for years 2001-2010; and the 2011 and 2022 Census for years 2011-2024.
3. This publication has used small area population estimate data published by the NRS on 24 February 2026. The NRS update their small area population estimates and previous estimates on an annual basis therefore this data is only representative of the data published upon this date. For further information see: <https://www.nrscotland.gov.uk/publications/small-area-population-estimates-mid-2023-and-mid-2024-2011-data-zones/>
4. The Income deprivation and Employment deprivation indicators are derived from SIMD 2020, more information on this deprivation index can be found at: <https://www.gov.scot/collections/scottish-index-of-multiple-deprivation-2020/>.
5. Life expectancies are calculated based on population estimates and death registrations. 95% confidence intervals have been added on the graphs to the neighbourhood data to give an indication of their accuracy. The 95% confidence interval for the Glasgow and/or Scotland comparison line has been removed due to the size of the population. This resulted in the confidence interval sitting on the data line making it unreadable. The x-axes of the life expectancy graphs give the mid-year for each life expectancy estimate e.g. 2020 represents the life expectancy estimate for the period 2018-2022.
6. A notes and definitions document providing further information on the variables presented in the profile can be found in the Profiles section of the Understanding Glasgow website: <https://www.understandingglasgow.com/profiles/neighbourhood-profiles>.