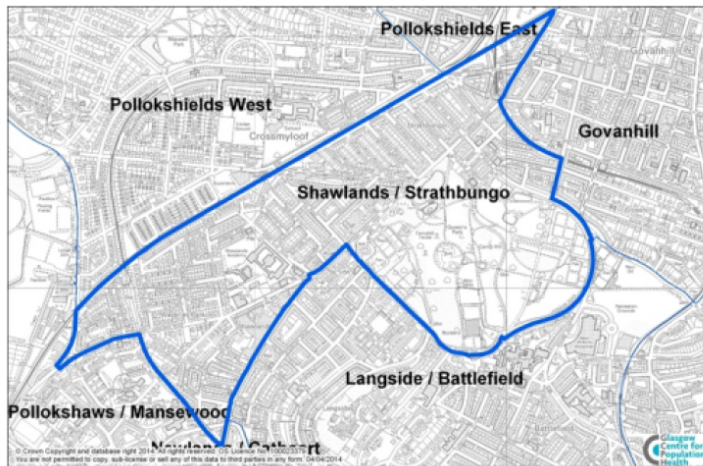


# Shawlands and Strathbungo

Shawlands and Strathbungo is a neighbourhood in the south of Glasgow with a population of 9,344.



## Neighbourhood comparisons with Glasgow

Women in Shawlands and Strathbungo live, on average, three years longer than men. There are low levels of lone-parent and socially-rented households in this area as well as income and employment deprivation.

Group	Indicator	Count	Rate	Difference from Glasgow	Difference from Glasgow (% , years)
<b>Population</b>	People aged 0 - 15	1,028	11.0%	-27.6%	
	People aged 16 - 64	7,135	76.4%	+7.8%	
	People aged 65 - 74	716	7.7%	-6.8%	
	People aged 75 and over	465	5.0%	-13.8%	
	People from minority ethnic backgrounds	1,543	17.1%	-11.4%	
<b>Households</b>	Lone-parent households	111	2.3%	-66.0%	
	Householders living alone	2,263	46.7%	+6.9%	
	Single-pensioner households	443	9.1%	-23.2%	
	Owner-occupied households	2,994	61.8%	+32.2%	
	Socially-rented households	415	8.6%	-75.4%	
	Overcrowded households	147	3.0%	-35.6%	
<b>Environment</b>	People who travel to work by walking, bike, public transport	1,673	30.5%	+15.1%	
	Households with one or more cars	2,998	61.9%	+11.0%	
<b>Socio-economic</b>	People with grade D or E social classification	507	12.6%	-56.4%	
	People in employment	5,689	71.1%	+26.8%	
<b>Education</b>	Adults with qualifications at Higher level and above	6,464	80.8%	+39.2%	
<b>Poverty</b>	Income deprivation (SIMD)	789	8.6%	-55.9%	
	Employment deprivation (SIMD)	468	6.8%	-50.0%	
	Children living in poverty	199	19.2%	-28.0%	
<b>Health</b>	People in "good" or "very good" health	7,554	83.5%	+10.0%	
	People limited "a lot" or "a little" by disability	1,640	18.1%	-30.3%	
	Male life expectancy at birth		78.8	+5.2	
	Female life expectancy at birth		81.9	+3.6	

Note: Different indicators use different population bases to calculate rates, depending on the underlying data source. See definitions and data sources for more information.

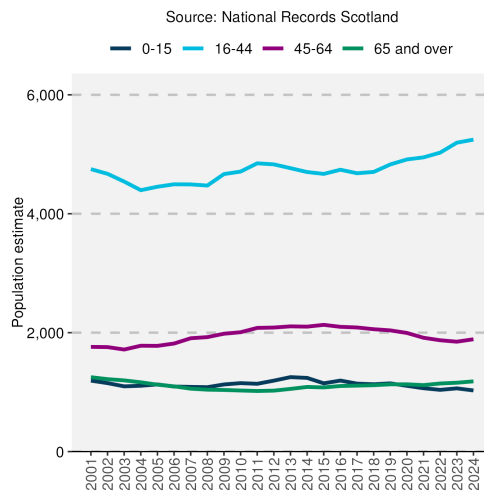
# Neighbourhood/Area trends

## Life expectancy at birth

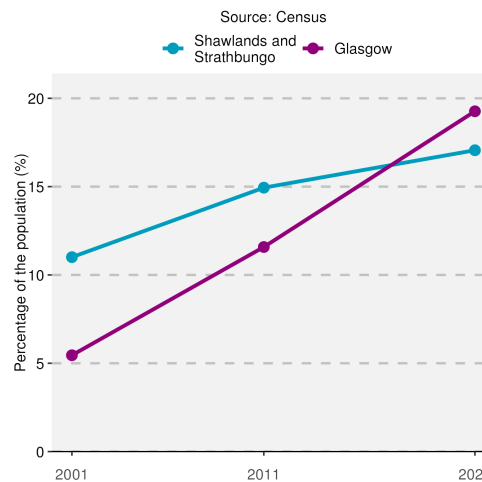


Life expectancy for both males and females has risen in recent years in Shawlands and Strathbungo and is above the Glasgow average. In the most recent period shown (2020-2024), life expectancy in this area is higher than the Scottish average.

## Population by age group



## Percentage of total population from minority ethnic backgrounds



The overall population of Shawlands and Strathbungo stayed roughly the same between 2001 and 2024. There was an increase in the population aged 16-44. The percentage of the total neighbourhood population from a minority ethnic background increased from 11% in 2001 to 17.1% in 2022 but is below the Glasgow average.

## Notes

1. Data sources: Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation (SIMD) 2020, Census 2022, 2011, and 2001, National Records of Scotland (NRS).
2. Populations presented in the population trend chart and used to calculate life expectancy estimates are taken from NRS small area population estimates and are based on: the 2001 and 2011 Census for years 2001-2010; and the 2011 and 2022 Census for years 2011-2024.
3. This publication has used small area population estimate data published by the NRS on 24 February 2026. The NRS update their small area population estimates and previous estimates on an annual basis therefore this data is only representative of the data published upon this date. For further information see: <https://www.nrscotland.gov.uk/publications/small-area-population-estimates-mid-2023-and-mid-2024-2011-data-zones/>
4. The Income deprivation and Employment deprivation indicators are derived from SIMD 2020, more information on this deprivation index can be found at: <https://www.gov.scot/collections/scottish-index-of-multiple-deprivation-2020/>.
5. Life expectancies are calculated based on population estimates and death registrations. 95% confidence intervals have been added on the graphs to the neighbourhood data to give an indication of their accuracy. The 95% confidence interval for the Glasgow and/or Scotland comparison line has been removed due to the size of the population. This resulted in the confidence interval sitting on the data line making it unreadable. The x-axes of the life expectancy graphs give the mid-year for each life expectancy estimate e.g. 2020 represents the life expectancy estimate for the period 2018-2022.
6. A notes and definitions document providing further information on the variables presented in the profile can be found in the Profiles section of the Understanding Glasgow website: <https://www.understandingglasgow.com/profiles/neighbourhood-profiles>.