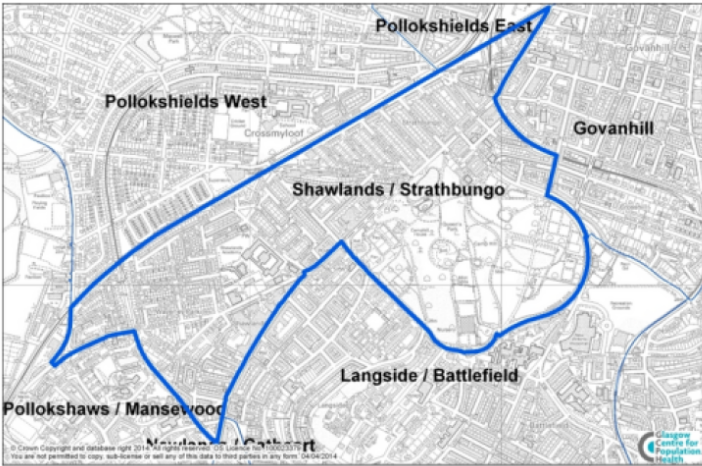


# Children and young people's profile - Shawlands and Strathbungo

Shawlands and Strathbungo has a population of 1,738 children and young people (aged 0–24 years).



## Neighbourhood comparisons with Glasgow

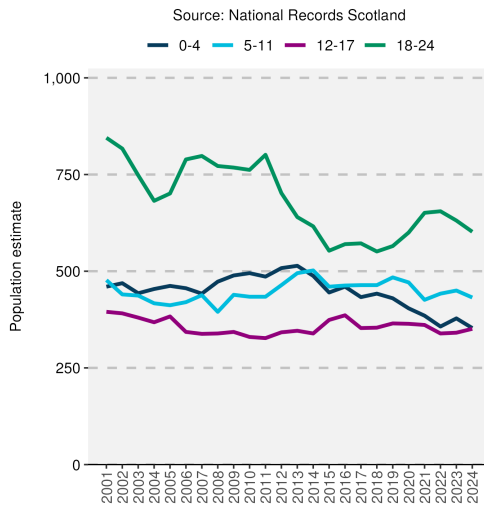
In Shawlands and Strathbungo, all population age groups are below the Glasgow average, however, live births are 18% higher than the average. The number of babies exclusively breast-fed at 6-8 weeks is 85% higher and hospital admissions under a mental health diagnosis are 37% higher than the average in Glasgow. Both children with communication delay at 27-30 months and lone-parent households are lower than the Glasgow average (60% and 51% respectively). Life expectancy is higher in 2022 for both sexes than the Glasgow and Scottish averages.

Group	Indicator	Time period	Count	Rate	Difference from Glasgow	Difference from Glasgow (% , years)		
						Bar chart (left)	Bar chart (right)	
<b>Demography</b>	Population aged 0-4	2024	353	3.8%	-18.3%	-18.3%		
	Population aged 5-11	2024	432	4.6%	-31.0%	-31.0%		
	Population aged 12-17	2024	351	3.8%	-35.0%	-35.0%		
	Population aged 18-24	2024	602	6.4%	-46.9%	-46.9%		
	Live births**	2024	104	11.1	+18.3%	+18.3%		
	Under-25s from minority ethnic backgrounds	2022	558	31.1%	+7.6%	+7.6%		
<b>Infant health</b>	Infants who sleep in the supine position	2022-24	212	98.1%	-0.1%	-0.1%		
	Babies exposed to second-hand smoke	2022-24	9	3.9%	-34.3%	-34.3%		
	Babies born small for gestational age	2022-24	13	5.2%	-15.3%	-15.3%		
	Babies exclusively breast-fed at 6-8 weeks	2024	51	60.0%	+85.2%	+85.2%		
	Babies born before 37 weeks	2022-24	15	6.0%	-30.6%	-30.6%		
	Primary carer smoking at health visitor's first visit	2022-24	13	5.6%	-51.4%	-51.4%		
<b>Crime &amp; safety</b>	Emergency hospital admissions due to assault**	2020-24	*					
	Emergency hospital admissions due to unintentional injuries**	2020-24	28	3.1	-24.2%	-24.2%		
<b>Learning</b>	Children with communication delay at 27-30 months	2022-24	12	7.0%	-60.0%	-60.0%		
	16-19-year-olds not in employment, education or training	2020	9	3.3%	-28.7%	-28.7%		
<b>Socio-economic</b>	Children living in relative poverty	2023	199	19.0%	-29.3%	-29.3%		
	Lone-parent households	2022	303	11.8%	-51.3%	-51.3%		
	Under-25s living in privately-rented or rent-free households	2022	570	31.8%	+37.4%	+37.4%		
<b>Health</b>	Under-25s whose day-to-day activities are limited by disability	2022	153	8.5%	-26.3%	-26.3%		
	Hospital admissions for dental treatment**	2020-24	22	3.9	-34.7%	-34.7%		
	Hospitalisations under an alcohol-related diagnosis**	2020-24	*					
	Hospital admissions under a mental health diagnosis**	2020-24	33	6.0	+37.3%	+37.3%		
	Primary 1 children living with obesity or severe obesity	2022-24	12	7.1%	-19.0%	-19.0%		
	Male life expectancy at birth	2022			78.8	+5.2	+5.2	
	Female life expectancy at birth	2022			81.9	+3.6	+3.6	

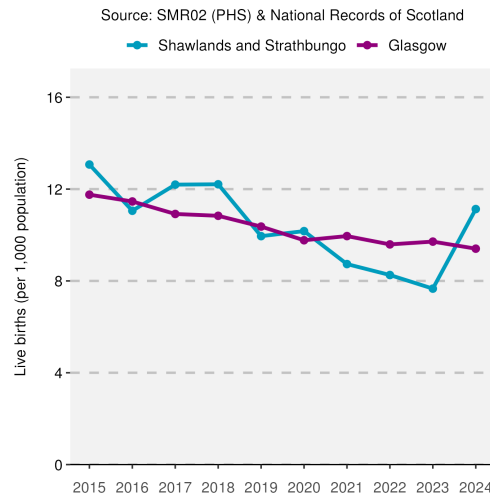
Note: Different indicators use different population bases to calculate rates, depending on the underlying data source. See definitions and data sources for more information.  
 All count figures of equal to or less than 5 (denoted as \*) have been suppressed to avoid any potential identification.  
 All indicators (denoted as \*\*) are measured as the rate per 1,000 of the whole population or of a particular age group rather than as a percentage of the population. See definitions for more information.

# Neighbourhood/Area trends

## Population by age group

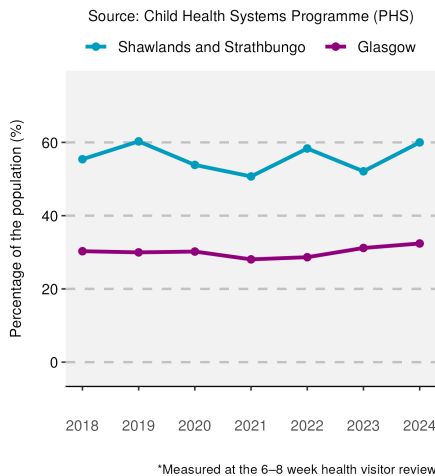


## Live births (per 1,000 population)

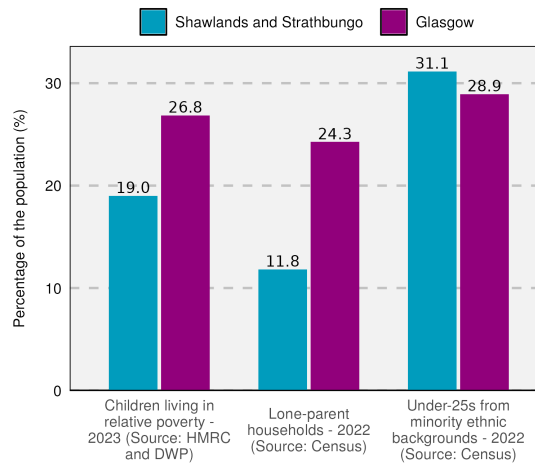


The overall population of this area has fallen by 20% since 2001. This decrease can be seen in all age groups with the greatest reduction seen in the 18–24 age group (29%). The number of live births in this area has decreased overall since 2015, however, there have been fluctuations. As of 2024, there has been a considerable increase, with levels now above the Glasgow average.

## Percentage of babies exclusively breast-fed\*



## Selected indicators compared to Glasgow



Babies exclusively breast-fed at 6-8 weeks overall have increased since 2018 and are higher compared to the Glasgow average despite fluctuations over the years. The percentage of children living in relative poverty and lone-parent households in particular is below the Glasgow average, whereas under-25s from a minority ethnic background is above the average.

### Notes

1. Data sources: Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation (SIMD) 2020; Census (2001, 2011 and 2022); National Records of Scotland (NRS); Scottish Morbidity Records (SMR01 and SMR02); Child Health Systems Programme (CHSP) and CHSP Schools; Department for Work and Pensions (DWP); HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC).
2. All count figures of less than 5 (denoted as \*) have been suppressed to avoid any potential identification.
3. This publication has used small area population estimate data published by the NRS on 24 February 2026. This is presented in the population trend chart and used to calculate life expectancy estimates. The NRS update their small area population estimates and previous estimates on an annual basis therefore this data is only representative of the data published upon this date. For further information see: <https://www.nrscotland.gov.uk/publications/small-area-population-estimates-mid-2023-and-mid-2024-2011-data-zones/>
4. Life expectancies are calculated based on population estimates and death registrations. 95% confidence intervals have been added on the graphs to the neighbourhood data to give an indication of their accuracy. The 95% confidence interval for the Glasgow and/or Scotland comparison line has been removed due to the size of the population. This resulted in the confidence interval sitting on the data line making it unreadable. The x-axes of the life expectancy graphs give the mid-year for each life expectancy estimate e.g. 2020 represents the life expectancy estimate for the period 2018-2022.
5. A notes and definitions document providing further information on the variables presented in the profile can be found in the Profiles section of the Understanding Glasgow website: <https://www.understandingglasgow.com/profiles/children-young-people-s-profiles>.