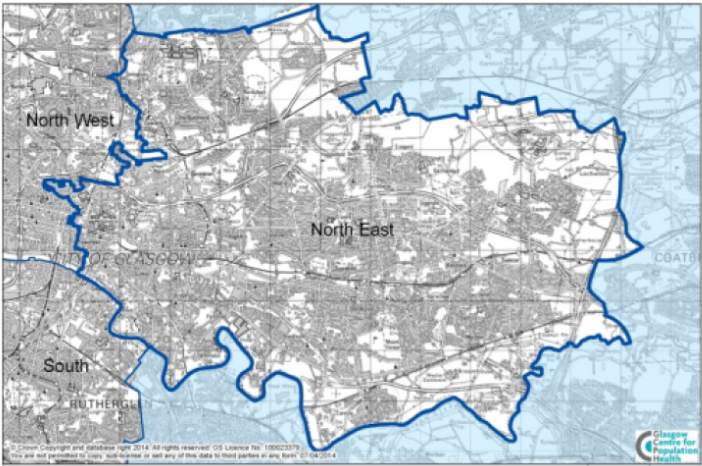


# Children and young people's profile - Glasgow North East

Glasgow North East has a population of 50,696 children and young people (aged 0–24 years).



## Comparisons with Scotland

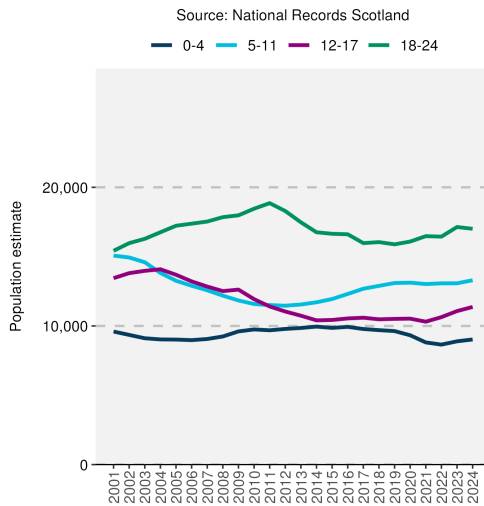
There is a high proportion of 0–4-year-olds in Glasgow North East, 13% higher than the Scottish average. Children and young people from minority ethnic backgrounds make up 23% of the population, 95% higher than the Scottish average. The percentage of babies exposed to second-hand smoke is 41% higher than the Scottish average. The percentage of 16-19-year-olds not in employment, education or training is 34% higher, children living in relative poverty is 59% higher, and lone-parent households is 53% higher when compared to the Scottish average. Life expectancy in 2022 is lower for both sexes than the Glasgow and Scottish averages.

Group	Indicator	Time period	Count	Rate	Difference from Scotland	Difference from Scotland (% , years)		
						%	years	
<b>Demography</b>	Population aged 0–4	2024	9,023	5.0%	+12.7%	12.7%	0	
	Population aged 5–11	2024	13,296	7.4%	+1.8%	1.8%	0	
	Population aged 12–17	2024	11,370	6.3%	-5.9%	-5.9%	0	
	Population aged 18–24	2024	17,007	9.4%	+11.4%	11.4%	0	
	Live births**	2024	1,822	10.1	+29.9%	29.9%	0	
	Under-25s from minority ethnic backgrounds	2022	10,967	22.5%	+94.5%	94.5%	0	
<b>Infant health</b>	Infants who sleep in the supine position	2022-24	5,126	98.1%	-0.1%	-0.1%	0	
	Babies exposed to second-hand smoke	2022-24	438	8.4%	+41.4%	41.4%	0	
	Babies born small for gestational age	2022-24	335	6.1%	+21.4%	21.4%	0	
	Babies exclusively breast-fed at 6–8 weeks	2024	438	24.6%	-23.9%	-23.9%	0	
	Babies born before 37 weeks	2022-24	482	8.8%	+2.8%	2.8%	0	
	Primary carer smoking at health visitor's first visit	2022-24	749	14.3%	+23.7%	23.7%	0	
	<b>Crime &amp; safety</b>	Emergency hospital admissions due to assault**	2020-24	160	0.6	+133.3%	133.3%	0
	Emergency hospital admissions due to unintentional injuries**	2020-24	1,189	4.8	+19.7%	19.7%	0	
<b>Learning</b>	Children with communication delay at 27–30 months	2022-24	1,023	20.2%	+15.2%	15.2%	0	
	16-19-year-olds not in employment, education or training	2020	404	5.2%	+33.8%	33.8%	0	
<b>Socio-economic</b>	Children living in relative poverty	2023	7,502	26.0%	+59.3%	59.3%	0	
	Lone-parent households	2022	19,211	28.3%	+52.7%	52.7%	0	
	Under-25s living in privately-rented or rent-free households	2022	8,183	16.8%	-6.0%	-6.0%	0	
<b>Health</b>	Under-25s whose day-to-day activities are limited by disability	2022	5,926	12.2%	+16.2%	16.2%	0	
	Hospital admissions for dental treatment**	2020-24	1,002	6.5	+8.6%	8.6%	0	
	Hospitalisations under an alcohol-related diagnosis**	2020-24	304	1.2	+34.3%	34.3%	0	
	Hospital admissions under a mental health diagnosis**	2020-24	835	5.4	-5.7%	-5.7%	0	
	Primary 1 children living with obesity or severe obesity	2022-24	465	9.3%	+5.3%	5.3%	0	
	Male life expectancy at birth	2022			72.4	-4.5	-4.5	0
	Female life expectancy at birth	2022			76.9	-4.0	-4.0	0

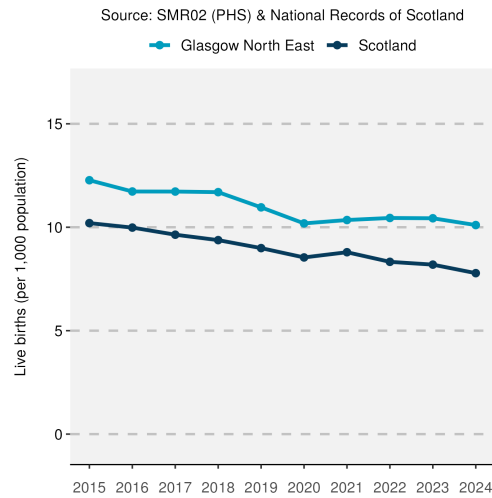
Note: Different indicators use different population bases to calculate rates, depending on the underlying data source. See definitions and data sources for more information.  
 All count figures of equal to or less than 5 (denoted as \*) have been suppressed to avoid any potential identification.  
 All indicators (denoted as \*\*) are measured as the rate per 1,000 of the whole population or of a particular age group rather than as a percentage of the population. See definitions for more information.

# Area trends

## Population by age group

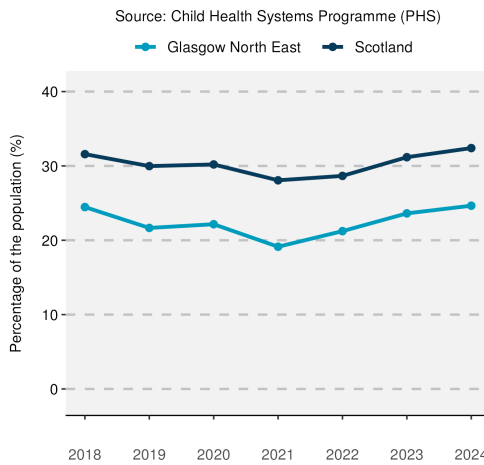


## Live births (per 1,000 population)



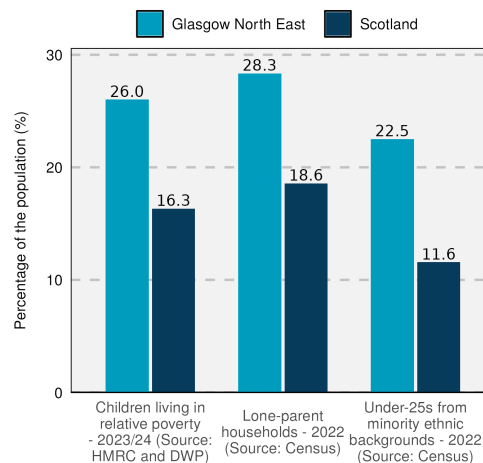
The overall population of Glasgow North East has fallen by 5% since 2001. This decrease can be seen in all age groups with the exception of 18–24-year-olds which increased by 10%. The number of live births in Glasgow North East has decreased since 2015 but has consistently remained above the Scottish average.

## Percentage of babies exclusively breast-fed\*



\*Measured at the 6–8 week health visitor review

## Selected indicators compared to Scotland



In Glasgow North East, 25% of babies reviewed in 2024 were exclusively breast-fed at 6-8 weeks. This has shown slight fluctuations over the years but has remained below the Scottish average since 2018. The percentage of children living in relative poverty, lone-parent households and under-25s from minority ethnic backgrounds are all above the Scottish average.

## Notes

1. Data sources: Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation (SIMD) 2020; Census (2001, 2011 and 2022); National Records of Scotland (NRS); Scottish Morbidity Records (SMR01 and SMR02); Child Health Systems Programme (CHSP) and CHSP Schools; Department for Work and Pensions (DWP); HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC).
2. All count figures of less than 5 (denoted as “\*\*”) have been suppressed to avoid any potential identification.
3. This publication has used small area population estimate data published by the NRS on 24 February 2026. This is presented in the population trend chart and used to calculate life expectancy estimates. The NRS update their small area population estimates and previous estimates on an annual basis therefore this data is only representative of the data published upon this date. For further information see: <https://www.nrscotland.gov.uk/publications/small-area-population-estimates-mid-2023-and-mid-2024-2011-data-zones/>
4. Life expectancies are calculated based on population estimates and death registrations. 95% confidence intervals have been added on the graphs to the neighbourhood data to give an indication of their accuracy. The 95% confidence interval for the Glasgow and/or Scotland comparison line has been removed due to the size of the population. This resulted in the confidence interval sitting on the data line making it unreadable. The x-axes of the life expectancy graphs give the mid-year for each life expectancy estimate e.g. 2020 represents the life expectancy estimate for the period 2018-2022.
5. A notes and definitions document providing further information on the variables presented in the profile can be found in the Profiles section of the Understanding Glasgow website: <https://www.understandingglasgow.com/profiles/children-young-people-s-profiles>.